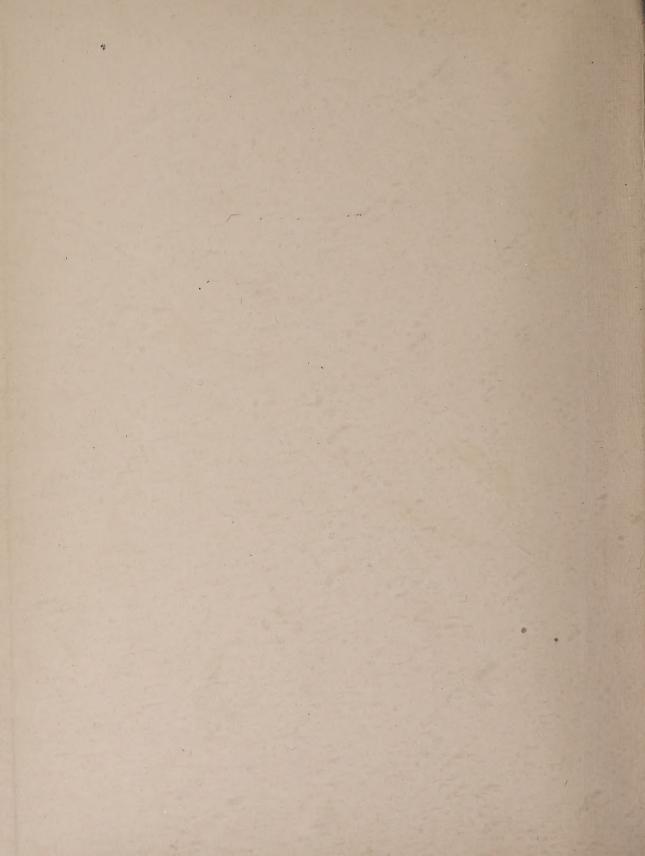
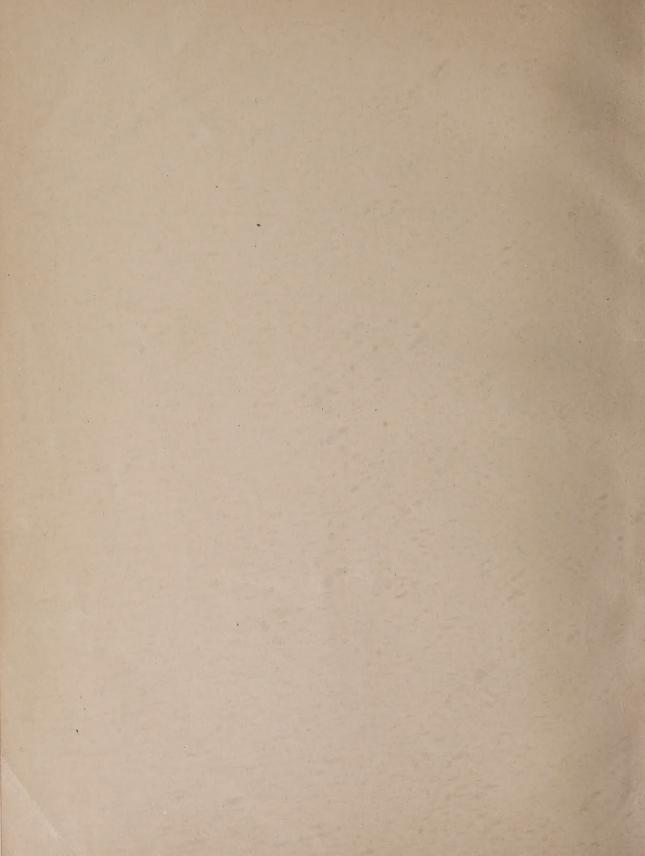
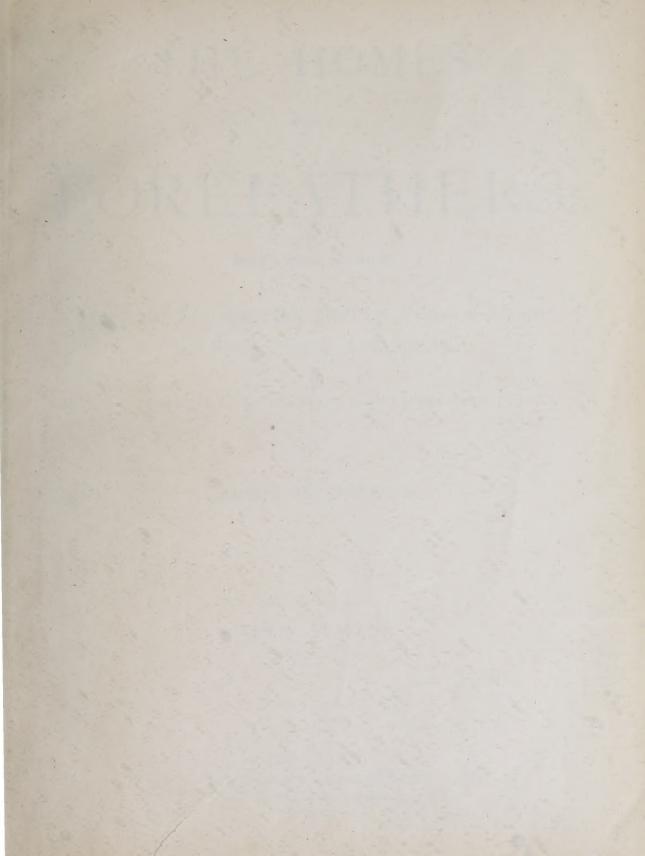
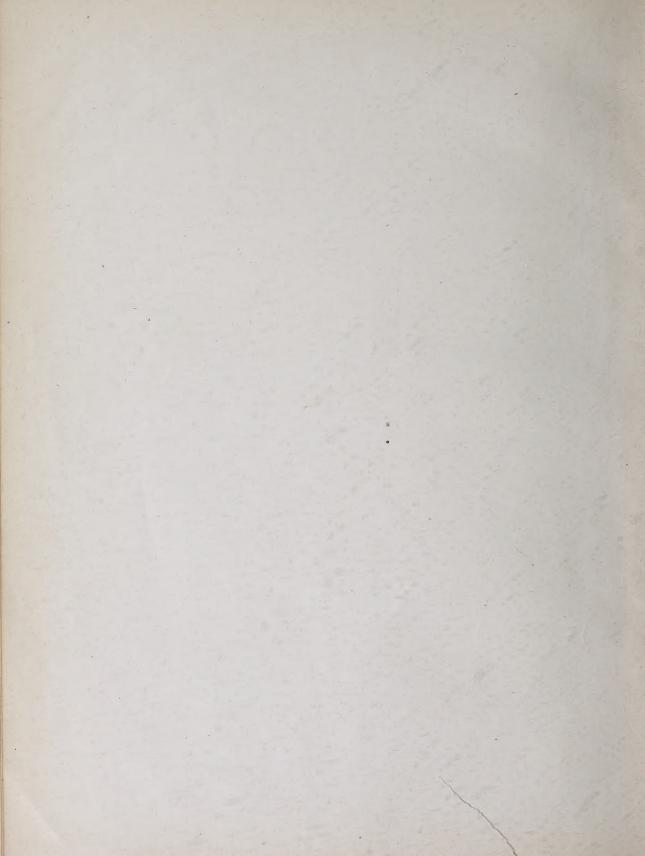
THE HOMES OF OUR FOREFATHERS



HITCHOOK 1391







THE HOMES

OF OUR

FOREFATHERS.

BEING A SELECTION OF THE

Oldest and Most Interesting Buildings, Historical Houses, and Noted Places in Massachusetts.

FROM ORIGINAL DRAWINGS MADE ON THE SPOT

BY

EDWIN WHITEFIELD.

THIRD EDITION.

BOSTON:
A. WILLIAMS AND COMPANY.

agt.

283 Washington Street.

1880.

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TO THE READER.

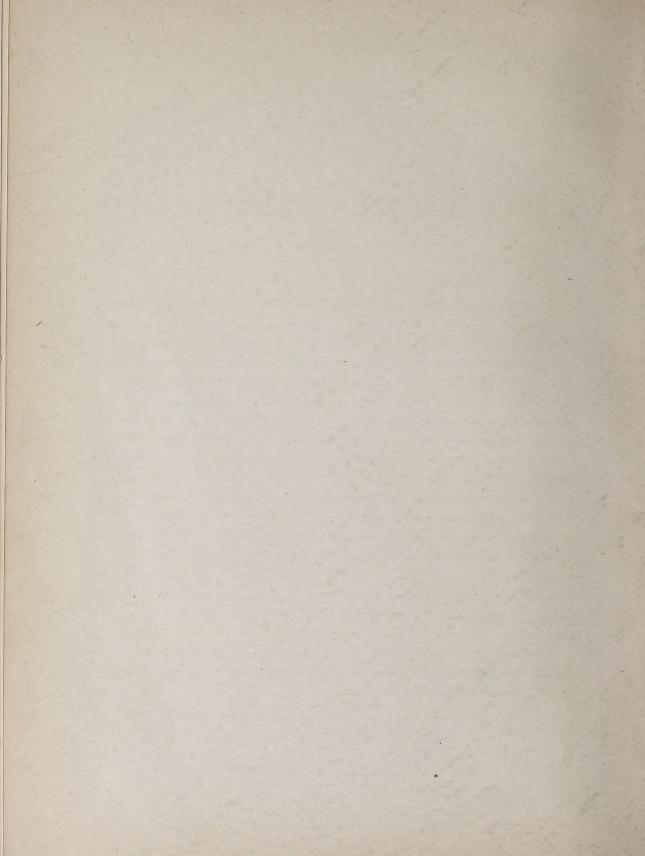
THE object of this book is to preserve and hand down to all future posterity representations of the Homes of their Forefathers. From a variety of causes they are rapidly disappearing; and before long the places that now know them will know them no more. It has been a labor of love to the undersigned to collect these mementoes of the past, and his efforts have been ably seconded by many gentlemen to whom his thanks are hereby returned. He has labored under many disadvantages which cannot be here enumerated; but he has tried to do his work faithfully, and no liberties have been taken with the old buildings represented, or with their surroundings, merely for pictorial effect. It is true that a few houses have been slightly altered from what they are to what they were originally; and sometimes an indifferent object, such as an old barn, or it may be a tree, has been left out or pushed aside to show the building to better advantage. Thus, if not photographically correct, they are sufficiently so for all practical purposes.

Many persons will ask why Plymouth is so poorly represented. It is much to be regretted that so little which is old remains there; and every one who visits the place is, in consequence, disappointed. Yet it must be borne in mind that Kingston was originally a part of Plymouth, and the old houses shown in that town are practically Plymouth houses; so that, upon the whole, Plymouth is not so poorly represented as might at first sight appear.

With these preliminary remarks he respectfully offers his book to all who are interested in the early history of those who laid the foundations of this Commonwealth, trusting it will meet with their approval.

E. WHITEFIELD.

BOSTON, MASS., July, 1880.



DATE OF IMPORTANT EVENTS

IN THE

EARLY HISTORY OF NEW ENGLAND.

Cape Cod, so named by Capt. Gosnold and his company	1602
Settlement by Popham and Gilbert on the Kennebec River, but soon afterwards aban-	
doned	1607
The Pilgrims landed at Cape Cod, November 11, and then and there entered into a	
solemn covenant, and chose John Carver as their governor	1620
The Pilgrims landed at Plymouth, and decided to make a settlement there, Decem-	
ber 22	1620
Weston's Colony settled at Weymouth	1622
Rev. Mr. White, a minister of Dorchester, England, induced a number of persons,	
under a Mr. Winslow, to commence a settlement at Cape Ann	1624
Endicott's Colony landed at Salem	1628
Boston settled; although Blackstone built a house here three or four years previously.	1630
Roger Williams ordered to leave Salem	1634
Connecticut settled at Windsor, by men from Dorchester, Massachusetts	1635
Mr. Hooker, with one hundred persons, left Cambridge, and settled Hartford, Con-	
necticut	1636
Rhode Island settled by Roger Williams	1636
Pequot War in Connecticut broke out	
Massachusetts, Connecticut, Plymouth, and New Haven formed a confederacy for mutual	0,
	1643
The first witch trial in New England (Margaret Jones, of Charlestown)	1648
Silver money first coined by Massachusetts	1652
Plymouth and Massachusetts united	1652
Persecutions of the Quakers commenced	1656
The King Philip War broke out	1675
	1690
Witchcraft troubles at Salem	





The Bradford House Plymouth.

This house once stood on Town Square, and it is believed that Gov. Bradford lived in it; but this like all the other dwellings of the Pilgrims has been swept away by the ruthless hand of Improvement."



The Barker House, Pembroke!

The oldest house in New England!

This was commenced by Josiah Barker in 1828, who, accompanied by Ired Davis, a colored man, started from Plymouth in a ship boat and followed the shore until they reached the mouth of North River. This they ascended until they found a place suitable for building, and here they commenced this house It has never passed out of possession of this family, and is now owned by Peleg Barker, who is at the present time (1880) 86 years of age. The house stands about 8 miles from either the Ungston or Hanover R. R. stations.





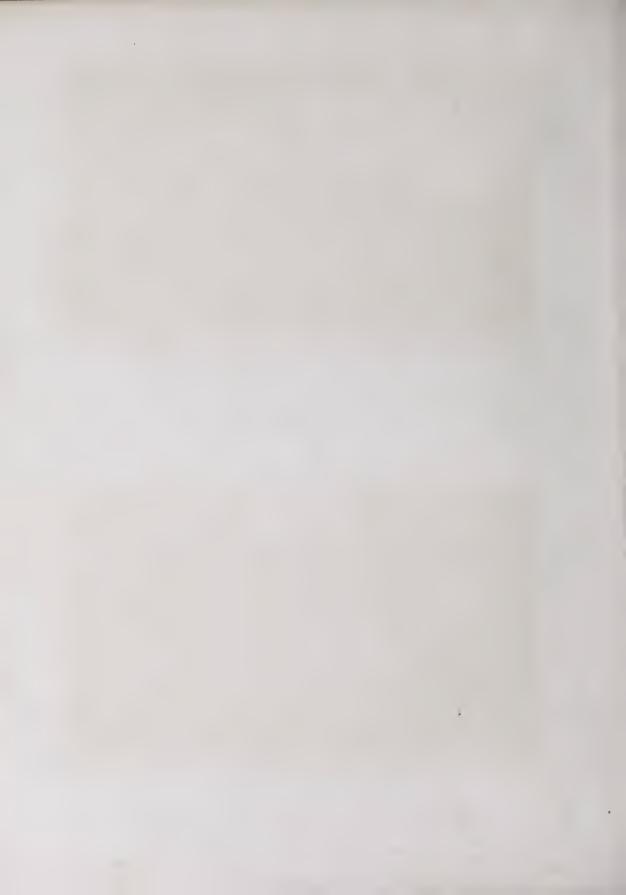
The Humfrey House, Swamscott,

This house stands on the form of E.R. Mudge, and is one of the oldest in W. England, having been built in 1634 by John Humbrey or Humphrey, who was a native of Dorahester, England, an able and wealthy man. He was deputy Governor of the Colony. The frame and tricks used in the building were brought from England. It has been somewhat modernized.



The Prabody House, Danvers.

This house, now owned youcupied by Francis Frabody Bsq, is known as the Head Quarters of Gert Gage and was built by Rob! Hooper of Marblehead in 1754. Thos Grage, Royal Governor of Mass. removed here from Boston June 5th 1774, and made it his residence. The architectural proportions of details are very fine, of great care has been taken in their preservation. It is considered one of the best examples of houses built in N. England during the lost century of the Colonial period.





The Brown House, Watertown.

This house, or a portion of it, was built by Abraham Brown about 1632; thus making it one of the very oldest houses in N. England. It stands near Main, St. on the road to Waltham. The name is sometimes spelled Browne.



The Craddock House, Medford.

This is the first brick house erected in New England in the year 1634, by, or rather to, Matthew Couldock, the first Covernor of the Mass, Bay Colony, He never came to this country, although it was evidently his intention so to do. This house in the outshirts of Medford on the road to Malden. It certainly ought to be owned by the State of Mass.





The Saltonstall House, Spswich.

This was built by Richard, eldest son of Sir Richard Saltonstall, about 1635, and is a very interesting old building, both externally and internally. The lower part is filled in with brick and stone and is bullet-proof. It stands a short distance from the Station. It is sometimes called the Bond House.



The Sutton House, Spswich.

This housewas built by the grandfather of Gen. Sutton, and is probably about 200 years old. It stands in the eastern part of the village.





The Noyes House, Old Newbury.

This was hult by the Row. Jas. Noves, about 1636. It stands a short distance to the right of the Upper Green, not far from the Old Town church.



The Coffin House, Newbury.

This was probably built by Tristam Coffin about 1650, before he removed to Salisbury in 1654. It is most likely that the frent portion was erected much later, as the rear part is evidently much the older of the two. It stands on High St, very near the Old Jown church.





The Alden House Duxbury.

This was built by John Alden, son of the John Alden who came over in the May Hower It was exceled about 1653, and has been but little changed from its original appearance. It stands on high ground very near the R.R. Station. It has rever passed out of the family, and an eighth generation of John Aldens is now (1880) living in it.



The Standish House , Duxbury.

This house is believed to have been built by Alexander, son of Capt. Standish about 1666. The Captain's house stood about 1/2 mile distant; but of this no vestige remains except the cellar.





Birth-place of John G. Whittier, Havehill.

This house was built by Thos. Whittier, (an ancestor of the Poet) who came over from England in 1630, and settled first in Salisbury, removing thence to Newbury, and afterwards to Haverhill, where he built a small house near the present one which latter be erected about 1665. It originally sloped to one story at the back, but was afterwards raised to its present proportions. It stands near the turnpike leading to Amerbury, about 3 miles out of Haverkill.



The Saltonstall House, Haverhill.

This house was built about 100 years ago by DT. Nath Islanstall on the north side of Mernmac St., nearly opposite where the Post Office now is. It commanded a charming view of the Merrimac River and the surrounding country. It was removed to its present location on Saltonstall Lake by his grandson W. G. Howe Egg. of Haverhill.





The Endicott or Nowerse House, Danvers.

This house was built by Townsend Bishop in 1840; and was afterwards owned and occupied by John Endicatt, son of the Covernor. It afterwards passed into the possession of the Nourse family and hore lived Rebecca Nourse, one of the victims of the Witchcraft maria. It is now owned by Orrin Putnam.



The Moulton House, Lynn.

This is a very old house, but the exact date of its erection is uncertain. It was partially remoded by the father of Jas. J. Moulton. It stands near Boston Street.





The Pierce House, Dorchester.

This house was built by Robert Pierce 1640, and occupied by him until his death in 1864; since which time it has remained in the possession of his lineal descendants. It stands on Oak Avenue, Adams street.



The Curtis House, W. Roxbury.

This was built by W. Curtis in 1639, and has always been in the possession of his descendants. Gen. Washington occupied it for a short time at the commence-ment of the Revolutionary War. It stands very near the Boylston station of the Boyldence R.R.





The Bradford House, Kingston.

This house was built by a grandson of Gon." Bradford about 1675. It is in a tolerable state of repair, and is situated on righ ground near the Landing.



The Allerton or Cobb House, Kingston.

This house, or rather a portion of it, is supposed to have been built by Isaac Allerton about 1640, but there is some doubt about this It was afterwards owned by Ebenezer Cobb, who died here in 1801, aged 107 years and 8 months. It stands in the south-eastern part of the town, near the the road leading to Plymouth.





The Palmer House, Salem.

This is on High Street Court, and was built by Richard Salmer in 1675. It is believed to be the oldest house in Salem that has never been modernized, except perhaps in the windows.



The Prince House, Salem.

This stands at the corner of Pleasant & Forrester Sts., and was built by Richard Prince, deacon of the first church in Salem, about 1670. The projecting portion is undoubtedly much more modem.





The Clark House, Rowley.

This house was built by a man named Chaplin about 1670, It is now owned by Moses Clark,



The Ober House, Wenham.

This housewas built about 1680. It is about a mile from the R.R. Station, on the road to Dawers.





The Toppan House, Newburyport.

This was built by Jacob Toppan about 1672, and stands on Toppan St, not far from the Pillsbury House, It is now owned by Mrs Cornelia Toppan!



The Pillsbury House, Newburyport.

This was built by Joshua Pillsbury about 1885 and has always been owned by his descendants, and the owners name always has been and still is, Joshua Pills-bury. It stands on High St. not far from the Belleville church.





The Lynde House, Melrove.

This house was built about 1680 about the time of the King Philip War. It stands in the south-western part of the town near Washington Street.



The Iron Works House, Saugus.

This house was built by the Leonards, who here commenced the manufacture of iron, about 1643. One of the brothers removed to the neighborhood of Taunton. The business was carried on here for 100 years afterwards. The chimney of this house is of immense size, and is probably the largest in N. England. The exterior has been somewhat modernized.





The Rierce or Little House , Newbury.

This was built by Col. Daniel Pierce, an ancestor of President Pierce, about 1685, and is the finest mansion now remaining in Mass, of so early a date. It was built for a Gasrison House, the larger portion being of stone of brick, and the walls are very thick. The center chimney is of enormous size. It has passed through many changes of ownership, and now belongs to a M. V. Little. It stands back some distance from the street beyond the Old Town Church.



The Poor House, Newbury.

This was probably built by a man named Sperce, about 1640, and afterwards sold to John Borr, whose descendants still live here. It stands close to the turnpike a short distance below Parker River:





The White or Ellery House, Gloucester.

This was built by Rev. John White 1703; and for some years after his death was used as a Town House. It is very strongly built, and the chinney is of immense size. It stands on Washington St. about a mile from the R.E. Station. The 4 balls shown in front of the house are gone



The Gott House Rockport.

This house was built by a man named Gott at 1700, and has continued in the possession of his descendants until the present time, It stands near the water, in that part of the lown called Pigeon Cove.





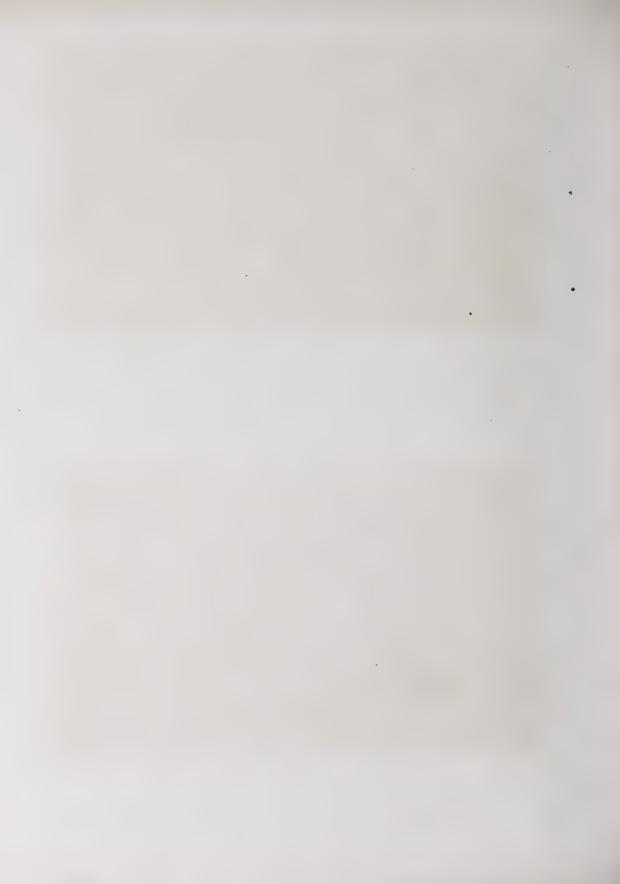
The Bradstreet House, North Andover.

This was built about 1725 by Gov. Bradstreet. It stands on the Andover turnpike nearly opposite the Phillips House.



The Abbott House, Andover.

This is a very old house, on the road to Ballardvale, built probably about 150 years ago, but nothing that is reliable can be ascertained in regard to it.





The Lincoln House Cohasset.

The right-hand portion of this house is said to have been built by Indians on Green Hill about 2011 years ago, and was removed to where it now stands by Ephrahim Lincoln about 1770. It is situated close to the Terusalem Road about 3 miles from Cohasset Village.



The Nichols House, Cohasset.

This house was probably built about 1680 by Job Cushing. It is now owned by James W. Nichols. It stands on King Screet, about a mile from the village.





Manchester-by-the-sea: This old house was bruilt for the second minister settled here, and has rever been altered,



This house is very near the R.R. Station . It was probably built about 1729. During the Revolutionary War amonhor of British prisoners were quartered have



South Scituali.

This is said to be the first mill ever built in Plymouth Colony, It stands on 2nd Herring Brook, not far from Greenbush station



Boston.
This is a very old house on Hull St. nearly opposite Copp's Hill burying-ground.



Groveland.

This is a very old house about 1/2 mile from
the center of the village. Nothing definite could
be burned whout it.



Scituale.

This is the Jenkins house, and is probably at least, 150 years old. It is not far from the R.R. station.





The Dennison House, Gloucester.

This was built by an ancestor of the present proprietor about 1772, It stands near an old road leading to Rockport. This house is not far from the village of Bay View.



The Chard House, Gloucester.

This house was built about 1730, and is now owned by Thos. Chard It is in that part of Gloucester called Annisquam.





The Boardman House Saugus.

This is a very old house, probably built in 1690 by the ancestor of the Board-man family. It stands close to the road leading to Metrose, from which it is distant about 2 miles; and is in a state of good repair. It now belongs to a Mr. Howard.



Woodland Site, Leicester.

This was built about 1730 by Joseph Sprague, and afterwards owned and occupied by his son William as a dwelling and store. A blacksmith shop & hand card factory were also on the estate. The house was burnt down some years since.





The Moll Pitcher House, Marblehead.

This house built about 1720, was the birth-place of the noted Moll Pitcher, who was born here in 1743. It stands on Orne Street.

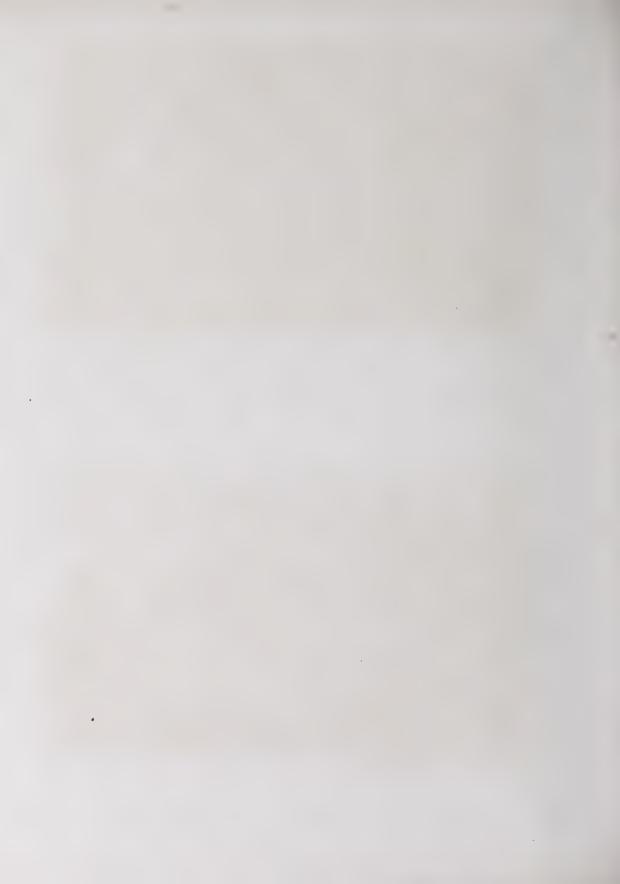


St. Michael's Church, Marblehead.

This was muilt in 1914, and is probably the oldest Episcopal Church in N. Fingland It stands on Summer Street. The following lines by Whittier are very appropriate.

Church to reverend monories dear, fruant in desk and chandelier; Bell, whose century rusted longue, Burials tolled and bridges rung,

Lest, whose liny organ kept Neys, that Snetzler's land, had swept, Altar, ser whose tablet old had swept, Sinais law it munders rolled."





The Longfellow House, Cambridge, Mass.

This house, surpassing in interest almost any other in Now Lingland, for having been so long the head quarters of Gen. Washington and for now being the home of the poet-Liongfellow, stands on Brattle St. It was probably built in 1735 by John Vassal, sinz which it has undergone several changes of ownership.



The Holmes House, Cambridge.

This was built by Jacob Fox about 1730, and is the birth-place of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes. It was occupied by the Committee of Safety in 1775, and Washington also occupied it for three days. It is now owned by Harvard College.





The Aspinwall House, Brookline.

The Aspinwall mansion on Aspinwall Avenue, was built by Deter Aspinwall in 1660; has never been out of the possession of his descendants of the name, and is now (1880) owneed by Hon. W. Aspinwall of Brookline.



The Hammond House, Newtone.

This was built by I. Hammond about 1730, and has ever since remained in the possession of his descendants. It is situated in the eastern portion of the city, on or near Chestnut Hill.





The Fairbanks House, Dedham.

This was built by Jonathan Fairbanks in 1636, and has always belonged to his descendants. It stands not far from the R.R. Station at the
corner of Willow & East Streets.



The Adams Houses, Quincy.

These are situated on Franklin St., and were built at least as early as 1720, but the exact time cannot be ascertained. President John Adams was born in the right hand house, & John Quincy Adams in the one on the left hand.





The Hubbard House, Concord

This was probably built about 1670, and was forn down recently. It stood near the Common; and in the cellar were concealed many military stores at the time of the Concord Fight in 1775.



The Old Manse, Concord

This was built by or for the Rex. W. Emerson in 1775. He was the granulather of Ralph Waldo Emerson, who gave it its present well-known name. It stands a short distance from the celebrated North Bridge.





The Cutter House, Woburn.

This house must be at least 200 years old, but the exact date cannot be ascertained with certainty. In 1759 it was owned by Benj Simmonds; and here the Episcopal Society held their services It is now owned by Jesse Cutler, and is the only old house in which a genuine old lashioned diamond paned window is still to be seen.



The Rumberd House, Woburn.

In this house the celebrated Count Rumford (Benjamin Thompson) was born. It was probably built by his grandfulker at least as early as 1720, if not before. It stands in North Weburn.





The Munroe House, Lexington.

This well-known house is probably 170 years old, At the breaking out of the Revolution it was known as the Munne Tavern and on April 19th 1775 was the head quarters of Lord Percy, and here his wounded soldiers were dressed after the battle.



The Tidd House, Lexington.

This was built by an ancestor of the present owner (Chas. Tidd) about 1684.

Mr. Tidd's grandfather, John Tidd was one of the company under Capt. Earker, who on the morning of Ap. 19th 1775, opened the great drama of the American Revolution, and in which he was badly wounded.





The Danforth House, Billerica.

This was probably built about 1680 by the ancestor of the Danforth family. Several of this family were quite noted men in the early history of this part of the country, one, in particular, was a celebrated surveyor. This house stood nearly in the center of the village but it is now probably pulled down.



The Batchelder House, N. Reading.

This is probably the oldest house in N. Reading. It was built by a man named Batchelder at least 170 years ago, but has now passed out of that family. It stands on a bye road rear Lobb's Pond.





The Old Meeting House, Hingham.

This was built in 1680, and is the oldest Meeting House now standing in N. England; and although it has been enlarged, still preserves its original form and style. It stands on high ground near the main street, and from the belief there is a charming gentersive view. It is sometimes called "The Ship."



The Wayside Inn, Sudbury.

As ancient is this hostelry
As any in the land may be,
Built in the old Colonial day,
When men lived in a grander way,
With ampler hostelity;
A kind of old Hobgoblin Hall,

I, SULLANUTY.

Now somewhat fallen to decay
With weather stains upon the well,
Mnd stainways wern and cray doors,
And creaking and wreven Hoors
And chimneys huge and tiled and tall."

Longfellow.





The Floyd House, Revere!

This was the second house built in this part of the town, then called Romney Marsh, probably about 1670. It stands by the road leading to Revere Beach.



The Edmester House, Everett.

This house stands on Bow St. and is 220 years old. It was built by a man numed Sweetzer.





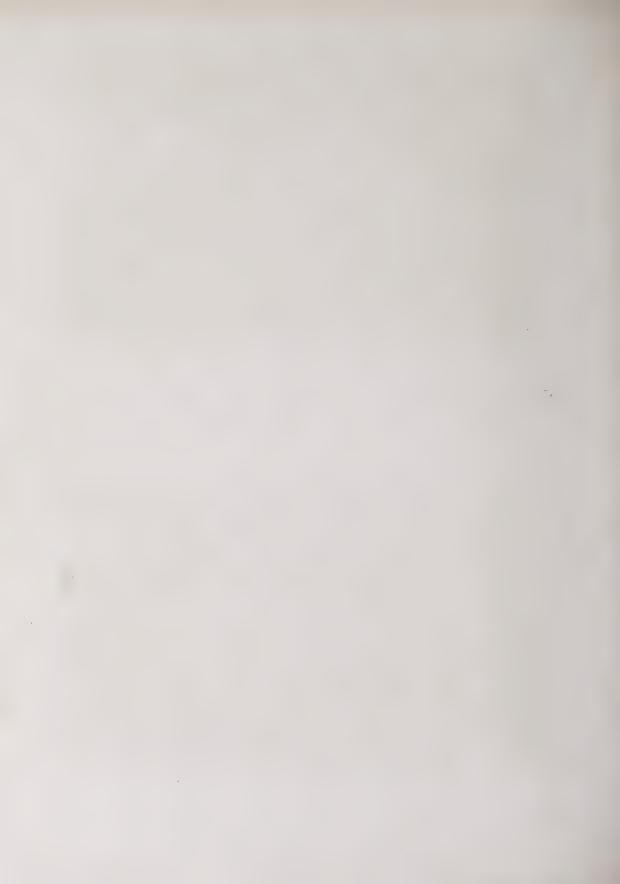
The Carter House, Wilmington

This is a very old house, having probably been built as early as 1720, It stands in a very lovely part of the town, and has never been clap-boarded nor painted. It is still in the possession of the Carter family.

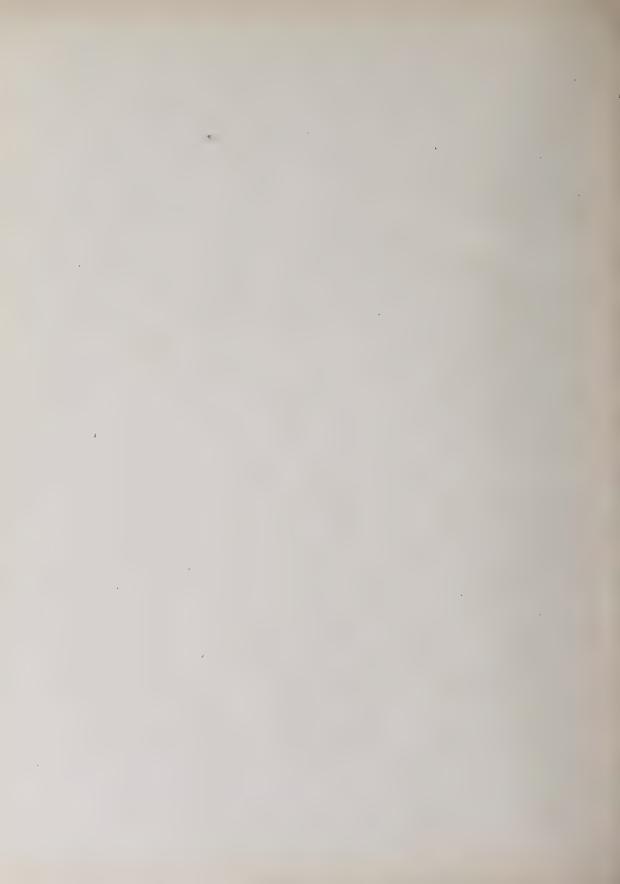


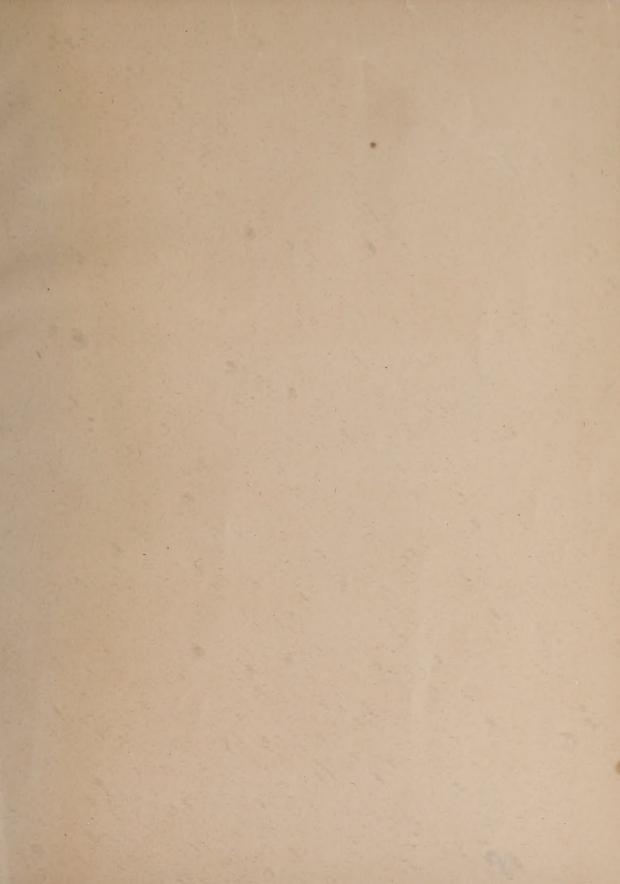
Dracut Garrison House, Lowell.

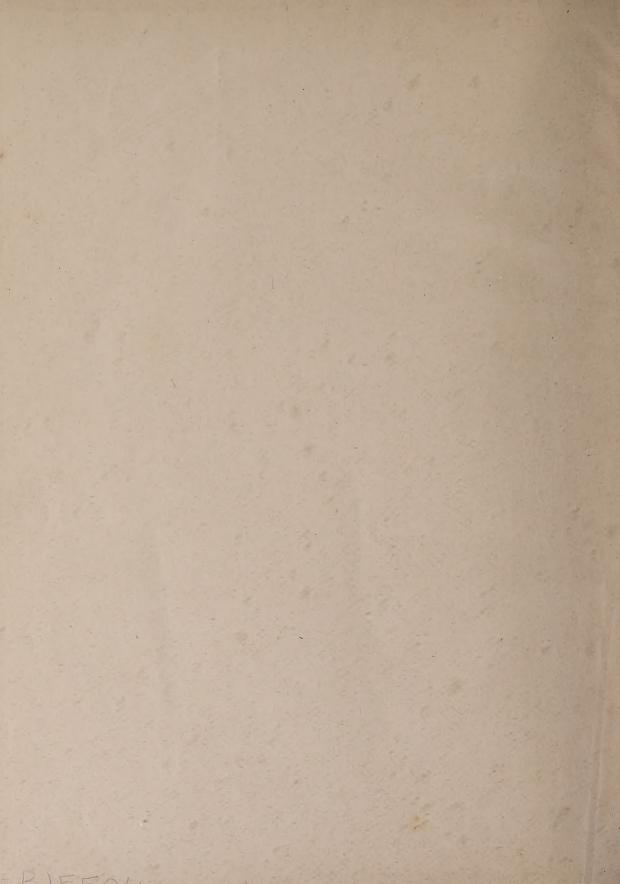
This house was built about 1684 for a garrison house in the town of Dracut, but is now included within the limits of Lowell. It stands on the river road about a mile holow Pautucket bridge.











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